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The data presented in this brochure are not guaranteed values and do not constitute the agreed contractual quality of our products. It is the responsibility of the recipient of our products to ensure that proprietary rights, laws and regulations are observed and to perform their own investigations and tests to verify the suitability of our products for a specific purpose.

DHT-4V[®] **ACID SCAVENGER** FOR POLYMERS







Through irreversible deactivation of acidic substances, DHT-4V® ensures your polymer systems perform to their full potential. Our products protect your assets from corrosion, prevent deactivation of functional additives, increase hydrolytic stability and solve odor problems.

DESIGNED FOR PERFORMANCE

Food Contact Approved, High Performance Acid Scavenger for Polyolefins, Elastomers and Other Polymers from the Inventors of Synthetic Hydrotalcite.

DHT-4V[®] is the flagship product of our branded range of synthetic hydrotalcite-like materials. It is considered to be the industry standard for deactivation of acidic residues in polyolefins. DHT-4V® is generally acknowledged to be the best of its kind. The superiority of DHT-4V[®] results from its particular mechanism of adsorbing acids, based on anion exchange. Acidic substances are firmly bound within the interlayer region of DHT-4V[®], which renders them harmless. Because intercalated substances are completely immobilized, problems resulting from migration of undesired substances are prevented.

DHT-4V[®] is superior to alternative stabilizer products, such as Calcium Stearate (Ca-St), for the following reasons:

+ DHT-4V[®] is 3 times more effective as Ca-St. Impact on physical properties of polymers is minimized. Superior haze, gloss and transparancy properties can be achieved with DHT-4V[®].

- + By using DHT-4V[®], stearic acid vapors can be eliminated.
- DHT-4V[®] has excellent dispersion properties, resulting from its sub-micron particle size and surface treatment.

TYPICAL PROPERTIES AND SEM OF DHT-4V°

AI (as AI_2O_3)	19 w/w%
Mg (as MgO)	34 w/w%
Molar Ratio (MgO/Al ₂ O ₃)	4.3
Loss on Drying (105 °C 1 hr)	0.3 w/w%
Specific Surface Area (BET)	11 m2/g
Particle Size Distribution	Average: 0.5 µm
	> 1 µm: min. 85 %
	> 5 µm: 0.0 %
Heavy Metals	5 ppm
Fe	40 ppm
Refractive Index	1.5
Hardness (Mohs)	2.0-2.5
Density	2.1
Apparent specific gravity	400-500 g/L *
pH of Suspension	8.5

* less compacted version available

SUPERIOR ACID SCAVENGING

DHT-4V[®] has anion exchange capacity and a neutralizing effect due to its alkalinity. In addition, the dispersion characteristics of DHT-4V[®] are excellent which further contributes to its high functionality. This basically means DHT-4V[®] can tackle problems related to a wide range of acids in polymer systems. Examples include but are not limited to: Chloride (Cl⁻), Bromide (Br⁻), Fluoride (F⁻), Nitrate (NO₂⁻), Hydroxide (OH⁻), Iodide (I⁻), Acetate (CH₂COO⁻), Acrylate (CHCOO⁻), Formate (HCO₂⁻), actate (CH₂CH(OH)CO₂⁻), Benzoate (C₇H₅O₂²⁻), Titanate (TiO₂²⁻), Sulfate (SO_4^{2-}) , Selenate (SeO_4^{2-}) , Molybdate (MoO₂²⁻), Phtalate (C₀H₄O₄²⁻), Maleate (C₄H₄O₄²⁻), Telluride (Te²⁻), Borate BO₂³), Citrate ($C_A H_5 O_7^{3}$), Phosphate (PO_4^{3}), Phosphite (PO_{2}^{3}), Antimonide (Sb³⁻).

APPLICATIONS

- + Deactivation of residual acidic substances from the polymerization process used to produce Polyolefins. This significantly reduces corrosion damage of processing equipment and of the polymer itself.
- + Protection of functional additives, such as phenolic and phosphite antioxidants and Hindered Amine Light Stabilizers (HALS), from deactivation. This increases long-term integrity and stability of polymer products.
- + Scavenging of free halogen ions deriving from radicals in halogenated flame retardants. This prevents polymer degradation.
- + Acid acceptor in Halogenated Rubbers such as CR, CSM, FKM and NBR, where high water resistance is required.
- + Capturing residual acids in Maleic Anhydride grafted polymers, preventing odor and corrosion problems.
- + Rendering acids originating from monomers in bioplastics inert, increasing hydrolytic stability.

INVENTORS OF SYNTHETIC HYDROTALCITE

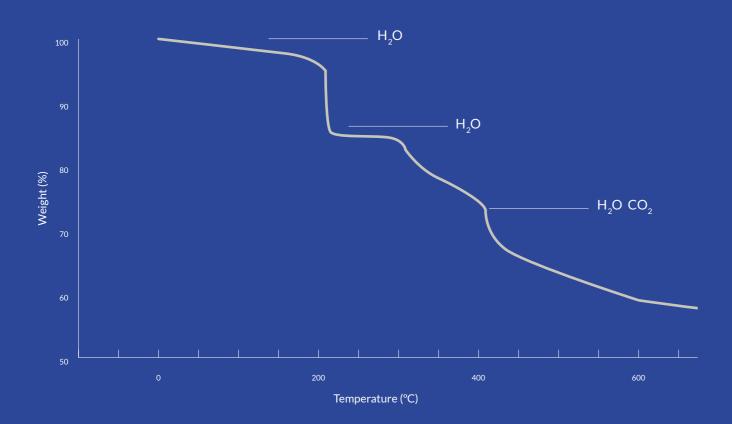
Our parent company, is the inventor of the industrial synthesis method of hydrotalcite. The original product, DHT-4A[®] is on the approval list of practically all polyolefin technology providers worldwide. DHT-4V[®] is a 100% equivalant product, with a vegetable based surface agent.

ALTERNATIVE PRODUCTS

Our extensive experience with the implementation of DHT-4V[®] in polymer applications has resulted in the development of a variety of alternative products that may fit your needs.

- 1. DHT-4A-2: Dehydrated grade for higher thermal stability (180-230 °C).
- 2. DHT-4C: Uncoated and Calcined grade for high thermal stability (>300 °C).
- 3. KW2200: Solid MgO-Al₂O₂ solution.
- 4. ZHT-4V: Product with implemented Zinc, for improved color properties of polymers.
- 5. Kisuma 5A: Highly pure and fine Magnesium Hydroxide (coated) used as flame retardant.
- 6. Kyowamag[®] 150: Magnesium Oxide used to improve vulcanization, anti-scorching and acid neutralisation in synthetic Rubber.

An important consideration in the selection of the most suitable product is the required thermal stability. As can be seen in the TGA below, the crystal water of DHT-4V[®] ($\approx 12 \text{ w/w\%}$) starts to dehydrate at approximately 180 °C. The typical hydrotalcite structure remains intact until about 350 °C. At higher temperatures, a MgO-Al₂O₂ mixed metal oxide is formed which is stable up to 800 °C. Interestingly, this material has a memory effect. The hydrotalcite lattice can be redeemed by hydration. This effect is lost during calcination above 800 °C, which eventually leads to the formation of MgO and MgAl $_{2}O_{4}$.



ANTI-CORROSION TEST

The pictures above are the result of a demonstration of the functionality of DHT-4V[®]. In the test, soft iron plates' were put into PP pellets and placed in an oven for 20 hours. The plates were then hung from the cap of a glass bottle (500 ml), which contained a small amount of water. The plates were kept at 20 °C for 7 days and then checked visually. The lack of rust formation when using small amounts of DHT-4V® is obvious.

* Composition of Iron Plates - C: 0.15%, Si: 0.24-0.25%, Mn: 0.95%, P: 0.014%, S: 0.015%, Fe: The balance





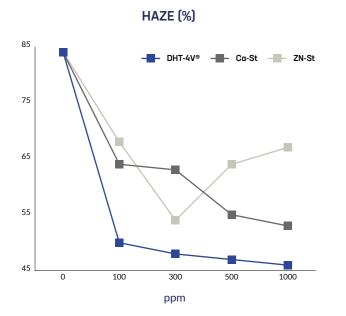
Appearance at DHT-4V[®] dosage of **O ppm**

Appearance at DHT-4V[®] dosage of **100 ppm**

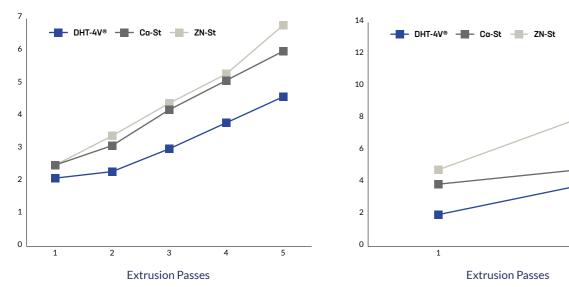
Appearance at DHT-4V[®] dosage of **300 ppm**

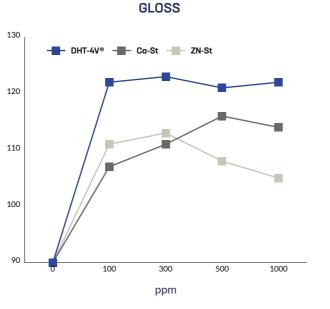
EFFECT ON POLYMER PROPERTIES AND PROCESSABILITY

The typical dosage of DHT-4V[®] in polypropylene is 10 times the residual Cl⁻ The test data below has been generated with the following formulation. PP (30 ppm Cl⁻): 100 phr, primary phenolic antioxidant: 500 ppm, secondary phosphite antioxidant: 500 ppm, DBS: 3000 ppm, Acid Scavenger: See graphs. The mixture was pelletized in an extruder at 230 °C and pressed to sheets of 3 mm at 230 °C / 3 minutes.



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∆ YELLOWNESS

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THROUGH



PRODUCT AND SAFETY INFORMATION

Mg _{4.3} Al ₂ (OH) _{12.6} CO ₃ .mH ₂ O	
Magnesium Aluminium Hydroxide Carbonate (Hydrate)	
234-319-3	
1097-59-9	
01-2119489902-26-0000	
PM/REF Number 34690	
GRAS in plastics for food contact applications	
20 kg PE bags, 40 bags (800 kg) per pallet	

500 kg Big Bags, 2 bags (1,000 kg) per pallet